

Honey Beeswax Shirvan Industrial Park

Center of Investment Services of North Khorasan

2021 April

Summary of Technical-Economical Pre-Feasibility Study

The Name: Honey Beeswax Sector: Agricultural Subsector: Alterant Industries ISIC Code: 1514512402

The owner of:

Organization of Economic Affairs and Finance (North Khorasan)



The ADDRESS Iran, North Khorasan, Shirvan

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1 Abstract

1.1 Project Profile

Project Introduction				
Project Title	Hone	y beeswax		
Sector	Agricultural			
Sub Sector	Alteran	t Industries		
Location	Iran, North k	horasan, Shii	rvan	
The County	Shirvan I	ndustrial Parl	X	
Products / Services	Honey	/ Beeswax		
Annual Nominal Capacity	20		Ton	
The raw material	Honey	/ Beeswax		
Employment	7		Person	
Land Area	3,000		m^2	
Floor Area	280		m^2	
	Water Consumption	10,000	m^3 in year	
Energy and Water Consumption	Electricity Consumption	10	KW	
	Gas Consumption 300,000		m^3 in year	
Fixed Capital	29,373		Million Rial	
Working Capital (The First Year)	4,085		Million Rial	
Payback Period	4.69		Year	
Net Present Value (NPV)	14,570		Million Rial	
Internal Rate of Return (IRR)	30		%	
Modified Internal Rate of Return (MIRR)	23		%	
Break Even Point 51		51		
The Exchange Rate (Dolar)	240,000 <i>Rial</i>		Rial	
Description	In this project, all the materials related to the study of Honey beeswax market especially domestic and foreign supply and demand, are examined.			

Table 1: Summary Sheet

Licensure Status					
Descriptions	Issuance Status				
Principal Agreement (Establishment Licensure)	\boxtimes				
Land Allocation	\boxtimes				
Environmental Inquiry	\boxtimes				
Possibility of Water Supply	\boxtimes				
Possibility of Electricity Supply	\boxtimes				
Possibility of Electricity Supply	\boxtimes				
Possibility of Gas Supply	\boxtimes				

Table 2: Legal Authorizations

Table 3: Total Investment

	Loca	l Currency	Required	Foreign Currency	Total (Million Euro)	
Descriptions	(Million Rial)	Rate	Equivalent in (Million Euro)	Required (Million Euro)		
Fixed Capital	29,373	240.000	0.1223	0	0.1223	
Working Capital	4,085	240,000	0.0170	0	0.0170	
Total Investment	33,458	240,000	0.1395	0	0.1395	

- Value of Foreign Equipment / Machinery: 0 Million Euro
- Value of Local Equipment / Machinery: 0.0212 Million Euro
- Net Present Value (NPV): 0.0607 Million Euro in 15 Years
- Internal Rate of Return (IRR): 30 %
- Payback Period: 4.69 Years

Company Profile					
Project Type	Establishment 🛛				
Company Name	North Khorasan Organization of Agriculture Jehad				
Contact Person (Name and Position)	Mr Rezvan Nikbakht				
Email	et.1383@yahoo.com				
Mobile	+989379094738				
Tel	+9858-32257990				
Website	http://portal.nkj.ir				
Address	North Khorasan Province, Bojnurd, Chehelodometri Kamarbandi Blvd, North Khorasan Organization of Agriculture Jehad				
Company's Legal Structure	Government ⊠				

Table 4: General Information

2 Project Location

2.1 Province: North khorasan

2.2 The County: Shirvan

Shirvan is a city and capital of Shirvan County, North Khorasan Province, Iran. The history of Shirvan is more than 7000 years old, as archaeologists found some graves in Gelian an Khanlogh (Villages of Shirvan) which are related to Achaemenid Empire era. The city has been significant industrially with sugar beet factories. It is also significant historically (Nader hill), geographically (Honame), and anthropologically (caves around the city).

This project will be construct in part 241 and 242 with coordinates (4134940,590148) in shirvan industrial park. Proposed location of project is shown in Figure 1.



Figure 1: Location of Proposed Land in Shirvan Industrial Park

2.3 The Project: Honey Beeswax

2.4 Access to the Infrastructures

No.	Needed Infrastructures	Distance to the Project	The Supply Infrastructures
1	Water	0	is provided
2	Electricity	0	is provided
3	Gas	0	is provided
4	Telecommunications	0	is provided
5	High way	<1 km	is provided
6	Sub way	0	is provided
7	Airport	74	is provided
8	Amirabad Port (Behshahr)	491	is provided
9	Bandar Abbas Port	1559	is provided
10	Rail way station of Joveyn	236	is provided
11	Rail way station of Jajarm	266	is provided

Table 5: Access to Infrastructures

3 Technical Specifications of Plan

3.1 Product

The Product	ISIC Code	Customs Tariff	Environmental Category
Honey Beewax	1514512402 7495412438	15219010	1

Table 6: Project Specifications Based on ISIC Code

In this project, all the materials related to the study of Honey beeswax market especially domestic and foreign supply and demand, are examined. Beeswax is a natural wax made by bee activities. This wax is produced by 8 wax-producing glands in the abdomen of worker bees that drain into the hive. By collecting them, hive workers create shelf-like cells to store honey and protect larva inside the hive. Beeswax has many applications in the food industry and flavorings (for example, as a brightener or light / heat source). Due to the very low toxicity of plant waxes, beeswax is edible and has been approved in most countries and the European Union under the name E901 for use in the food industry. Due to the fact that beeswax monosters decompose to a small extent in the intestines of humans and other mammals, it can be said that they have little nutritional value. The most important use of corrugated wax sheet is in the beekeeping industry. In order to use the refined wax in the hive and attach it to the frames, the wax is corrugated in different ways with a wax tread machine. The term "tread" in beekeeping means hexagons carved on both sides of a sheet of wax that underlies the walls of the chambers. The treaded wax sheets are attached to the board frames using special tools and placed inside the hive for the bees. This causes the bees to use less energy to produce wax or so-called wax weaving, which increases honey production. To prepare the tread wax sheet, a wax tread machine is used, which is available in two types of manual tread wax machine and automatic wax tread machine. treaded wax sheets should be natural and pure to encourage bees to weave.

3.2 Project's Requirements

According to the rules of the Food and Drug Administration of Iran (IFDA), the product must meet the following quality standards.

Feature Name	Standards	Feature Name	Standards
Reducing sugars before hydrolysis (percentage)	at least 65	Free acidity (milliequivalents per kilogram)	Maximum 40
Sucrose (percentage)	Maximum 5	Diastasis activity in terms of diastasis unit	at least 8
Humidity (percentage)	Maximum 20	Fructose to glucose ratio	at least 0.9
РН	at least 3.5	Ash	Maximum 0.6
Electrical conductivity (milliseconds per centimeter)	Maximum 0.8	Hydroxymethyl furfural	Maximum 40
Insoluble solids in honey	Maximum 0.1	Proline (mg)	at least 180
Insoluble solids in honey (pressed honey)	Maximum 0.5		

Table 7: Quality Standards

3.3 Space and Infrastructure Required

Table 8: Land Purchase Costs (Million Rial)

Cresifications	$\Delta m \alpha (m^2)$		Cost			
Specifications	Area (m)	Price per m	Paid Cost	Needed Fund	Total	
A piece of land in Jajarm	3,000	0.75	0	0	2,250	

Table 9: Site Preparation and Development Costs (Million Rial)

Description	Working Capacity	Unit	Unit Price	Paid Cost	Needed Fund	Total
Excavation	3,000	m^3	0.3	0	0	900
Wall Construction & Door	170	m^2	9	0	0	1,530
Street Construction (5% of the amount of Land)	150	m^2	7	0	0	1,050
Green Space & Lighting (1% of the amount of Land)	30	No	8	0	0	240
	0	0	3,720			

Description	Area (m^2)	Unit Price	Paid Cost	Needed Fund	Total
Raw Matrial & Product Warehouse	200	25	0	0	5,000
Office Building	50	45	0	0	2,250
Welfare & Guardroom	30	45	0	0	1,350
Total	0	0	8,600		

Table 10: Civil Works, Structures and Buildings Costs (Million Rial)

Table 11: Infrastructures

No	Description	Unit	Annual Consumption	Unit Cost (Rial)	Total (Million Rial)
1	Water Consumption	m^3	10,000	7,000	70
2	Electricity Consumption	Kw	500,000	1,100	550
3	Gas Consumption	m^3	300,000	1,200	360
		290			
		1,270			

3.3.1 Equipment and Machinery

Table 12). Plant	Machinery	and Fauinment	Costs	(Million	Rial)
10010 12	. 1 <i>iuni</i>	machinery	ини Бушртені	COSIS	(minion)	πιαι)

		Costs Required				
Description	Unit Cost	Local Costs	Costs of Currency		Cost to	Total
			Rate	(M€)	Complete	
Lifter Bar (For Clusters)	120	120		0.0005	0	120
Pistachio Peeler Machine	100	100		0.0004	0	100
Wet Pistachio Skin Separator	4,700	4,700	240,000	0.0188	0	4,700
Three-Layer Sieve (Gogir)	85	85		0.0003	0	85
Full Salted Pistachios	300	300		0.0012	0	300
Total Cost of Machin	5,305	240,000	0.0212	0	5,305	

• The exchange rate is: $1 \in = 240,000$ Rial

3.3.2 Raw Material and Intermediate Components

Description	Unit	Total Consumption of the Raw Material	Price per Unit of Raw Material	Annual Cost of Providing Material
Raw Material & Packaging	Ton	-	-	3,138
Salary	Rial	-	-	735
Energy Costs (Fuel, Electricity & Water)	L/Kw/Cm	-	-	1,270
Repair & Maintenance	Rial	-	-	1,017
Total				6,160

Table 13: Raw Material and Intermediate Components (Million Rial)

3.3.3 Management and Human Resources

No.	Position	Number of Shifts	Personnel per Shift	Total Staff (People)	Monthly Salary (per Person)	Annual Salary
1	Manpower (in Administrative Sector)	-	-	3	65	2,340
2	Manpower (in Production Sector)	-	-	4	4,312	2,070
	Total					4,410

Table 14: Salary of Administrative Staff (Million Rial) Particular

• Number of Skilled Personnel Required: 3

• Number of non- Skilled Personnel Required: 4

• Total Number of Personnel Required: 7

4 Market Study and Competition

4.1 Examining Supply and Demand Trends

Amount of honey beeswax products supply based on production licenses (according to the information of the ministry of industry, mine and trade) inside the country form 2015 up to 2020 is shown in Table 15.

Year	Nominal Capacity (Ton)
2015	0
2016	150
2017	150
2018	150
2019	1,361
2020	1,361

Table 15: The amount of Honey Beeswax Domestic Supply

The real production capacity of active units in 2015 up to 2020 is shown in Table 16.

Year	Nominal Capacity (Ton)
2015	0
2016	95
2017	95
2018	95
2019	861
2020	861

Table 16: The Real Production Capacity of Active Units in 2015 up to 2020

The following chart shows the prediction of production according to the Table 16 based on linear regression.



Figure 2: Prediction of Amount of Honey Beeswax Products Supply

Prediction of amount of honey beeswax products supply from 2021 up to 2025 is shown in Table 17. Obviously, from Table 17 we find out prediction of amount of honey beeswax products supply from 2021 up to 2025 is ascendant.

Year	Nominal Capacity (Ton)
2021	995
2022	1,183
2023	1,372
2024	1,561
2025	1,749

Table 17: Prediction of Amount of De-Skinning Pistachios Products Supply

The amount of imports to the country is based on the information of the Tehran Chamber of Commerce, Industries, Mine and Agriculture at <u>http://tccim.ir</u> is presented in Table 18.

Table 18: The Amount of Imports

Year	Customs Tariff	Weight (Ton)	Major Countries
2015	15219010	56	China, Germany, England, Turkey, Netherland

Year	Customs Tariff	Weight (Ton)	Major Countries
2016	15219010	107	China, Germany, Italy, Brazil, India, Turkey, France
2017	15219010	64	Germany, China, Belgium, India, Turkey, England
2018	15219010	37	China, Germany, UAE, India, Turkey, England

The following chart shows the prediction of imports according to the based on linear regression.



Figure 3: The Prediction of Imports

The amount of exports from the country is based on the information of the Tehran Chamber of Commerce, Industries, Mine and Agriculture at <u>http://tccim.ir</u> is presented in Table 19.

Table	<i>19</i> :	The	Amount	of	Exports
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Year	Customs Tariff	Weight (Ton)	Major Countries
2015	15219010	7	China, Japan
2016	15219010	9	China, Azerbaijan
2017	15219010	0	-
2018	15219010	27	Turkey, Iraq, Afghanistan

The following chart shows the prediction of exports according to the based on linear regression.



Figure 4: The Prediction of Exports

The amount of domestic demand, which is equal to the amount of domestic production plus the amount of imports minus the amount of exports, for the three products is given in the Table 20.

Year	Demand (Ton)
2015	49
2016	158
2017	124
2018	70

Table 20: The Amount of Don	nestic Demand
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The following chart shows the prediction of domestic demand according to the Table 20 based on linear regression.



Figure 5: The Prediction of Domestic Demand

As the Figure 5 shows domestic demand of honey beeswax is increasing. So it can be claimed that the factory can be established without the concern of selling the product. In the Table 21, the information of the units that have obtained license is presented based on the amount of progress.

Progress Percent	Capacity (Ton)
0% - 25%	3,895
25% - 50%	0
50% - 75%	0
75% - 100%	0

Table 21: The Information of The Units that have Obtained License

5 Financial Projection

5.1 The Cost Estimate

No.	Subject	Cost
1	Fixed Capital	29,373
2	Working Capital	4,085
	Total Investment	33,458

Table 22: Total Investment (Million Rial)

Table 23: Fixed Capital (Million Rial)

		Cost Required				
Subject	Paid Cost	Local Cost	Foreign Exchange Cost		Needed	Total cost
			Rate	(M €)	1 und	
Land Purchase	0	2,250		0.0094	0	2,250
Landscaping	0	3,720		0.0155	0	3,720
Building	0	8,600		0.0358	0	8,600
Equipment & Machinery	0	5,205	5,205		0	5,205
Laboratory & Workshop Supplies & Equipment	0	498	240.000	0.0021	0	498
Facilities	0	4,650	4,650		0	4,650
Transportation	0	0		0.0000	0	0
Office & Services Equipment	0	480		0.0020	0	480
Pre-Operation Costs	0	1,299		0.0054	0	1,299
Unforeseen (10% of the above Items)	0	2,670		0.0111	0	2,670
Total Fixed Investment	0	29,373	240,000 0.1224		0	29,373

Subject	Day	Total
Packaging Material (2 Months Raw Materials & Packaging)	60	3,138
Salary (2 Months Salary)	60	735
Imprest Fund (15 Days Of Water, Electricity Fuel & Repair Costs)	15	212
Total	4,085	

Table 24: Working Capital (Million Rial)

Table 25: Fixed and Variable Costs

No	Production Cost	Fix	ked Cost	Variable Cost		
NO.		%	Cost	%	Cost	
1	Raw Material	0	0	100	18,830	
2	Energy & Utility	20	254	80	1,016	
3	Repair & Maintenance	20	203	80	814	
4	Production Salary	70	3,087	30	1,323	
5	Depreciation	100	2186	0	0	
Total Production Costs			5,731		21,983	

5.2 Break-Even Analysis

Table 26: Break-even Analysis

Period	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031
Break-even	51.18	49.40	47.79	46.32	44.33	43.18	42.13	41.18	40.31	39.52
ratio (%)										

5.3 Sensitivity analysis of IRR

Variation (%)	Sales Revenue	Increase in Fixed Assets	Operating Costs
-20.00%	1.19%	36.60%	48.26%
-16.00%	8.78%	35.14%	44.74%
-12.00%	14.92%	33.81%	41.20%
-8.00%	20.40%	32.57%	37.63%
-4.00%	25.49%	31.43%	34.03%
0.00%	30.37%	30.37%	30.37%
4.00%	35.11%	29.38%	26.63%
8.00%	39.78%	28.45%	22.78%
12.00%	44.39%	27.58%	18.76%
16.00%	48.96%	26.77%	14.48%
20.00%	53.52%	26.00%	9.78%

Table 27: Sensitivity Analysis of IRR





6 Duration of Project Operation

The time of doing early stages and completing its process is about 14 month.



Table 28: Action Plan and Implementaion Schedule

7 Incentives, Features and Advantages of Project

North Khorasan Province is a province located in northeastern Iran. Bojnord is the capital of the province. This province contains many historical and natural attractions, such as mineral water springs, small lakes, recreational areas, caves and protected regions, and various hiking areas. Advantages of the agriculture of this province involves favorable and diverse climatic conditions and other parameters affecting growth.